

AGRICULTURAL ACTIVITIES OF ENTERPRISES INTO ACCOUNT THE HIGH CITY AND THE ANALYSIS OF PRICE FORMATION ISSUES

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Abstract: The article presents an analysis of the issues of the highest agricultural capacity of enterprises and price formation.

Key words: economy, cotton, state, economic development, economic and financial activities of the enterprise, prices, products, economic activities, control, enterprises, agriculture.

INTRODUCTION

The activities of agricultural enterprises in the management of boshqaruv account of the role is very important, its main function is the enterprise give them the benefit of systematic data on the results of the economic activities of the process of formation and monitor, to control , and it determines the factors on a regular basis analysis is to go from doing. The cost price of the production costs of the product in the process of considering the small form of the lens causes and its significance to evaluate the product and created works and services in the enterprise plays an important role in setting the price of the product. Accordingly, the pricing the level of vibration that produced the products, services and the costs of works on the effect consequently will affect the financial position of the enterprise. Made of real natural costs or money in the form of fiat is characterized. While accounting valuation is one of the elements of the method. The costs of production, and financial assessment to determine the results is closely related with the process. This, first and foremost, the production of the product and on the size of the consumer market to offer him and Ikkinchidan this dotasiyalar, subsidized, the restrictions and bans on the contrary, the state is looking for ways of economic development expressed in price setting and the effects of policy will show through.

Now by regulation mechanism of the availability and price of its character to select its effects the republic of the leading sectors of the economy as the cotton field to which it belongs. This cotton cultivation in the state, the order of the cotton to the sale and purchase of the system and is manifest in the relationship between the price fixed.

Economy of the republic of Uzbekistan put forward the plan b from long years in sentences grind relations in transition during the period of price setting is an important issue. Price policy of the scientific basis and practical implementation of the new approach to the market price of the issue in the present day iqtisodchilar, scientists, specialists and industry leaders that stand in front of one of the most important tasks.

Currently "Iqtisodifb put in your way of managing the errors, re-construction in the period de psinib review, consumer goods to the requirements of the iga dramatically increased, sthism decrease to the purchase of production and cost of disorders of the circulation of money in the field of management mainly in the field put the path is the result of a blunder" that there are the visions. This course. But the truth is the other side of the fact that there are general economic prices is only part of the mechanism, they reflect complex processes that are happening in the economy etta will.

However, negative events at this price mean less plays the role of ards emas. This first of all, the price is mainly in the character defects, regulated prices between networks in the absence of a mechanism, wholesale, and retail prices buy in the relationship between the imbalance is the result. In fact, the plan price system in the economy emas, but mutually connected with each other prices available package edi. They mainly trade o'zo'larining the main function ekvivalentlikni did not do.

As a result, providing the means of agricultural production and exchange between networks with the process imbalance arise. The USSR also, including in Uzbekistan, Jesus-according to the book "the last century of food products in the middle of the 80s (soft drinks) costs rubles for 1 general 17 kopecks damage, non-food products (without imports) - 46 kopecks sold with profit" [1]. Majmu this agricultural development and the dynamics of his nest very unsatisfactory "food program" select failed the real reason emasmi?

Another paradox is that for a long time, the retail price of many food products production and is lower than the purchase price of agricultural products. In 1990, almost all food products purchased with damage to the population of the world did. The average price of food products to the retail price of producing them 2 times and 1.5 times lower than the purchase price is. Costs, purchase this between the retail price and no mutanosiblak food products to large and dotasiyalar subsidized allocation to lead. Dotasiya s andubsiyya divide, hence the damage to work with re-distribution of the major resources of the complex mechanism due to be formed. As a result, producers are just particular and for consumers only special prices practice was set to break the connection between them is natural and will reduce production costs to lost interest.

A market economy transition to in the first place, eski ayriboshlash relations in the sale and purchase of goods on the market mechanism based on a new relationship to replace it with requires. The economy system is the fundamental difference between these two. How dare you try to unite the price of available and effective in the proof of the general economic system that is flawed eng is important evidence. Rightly keonomists o'pgina price formation of a certain social system "erk the single market" or "centerb operated" to the economy, the relationship that is the criteria ofs [1] 1. The economy is based on previous plan clear in the system to changes in prices in the economy and indicates a relationship as a means to maintain the balance between supply and demand appears. However, sosialistik - a plan in this economy function in the formation of assessment only to a limited extent affected because editing from the top, from the center carried outadi.

Bureaucracy this approach, in determining the prices and procrastination in determining the price of all the economic factors unsatisfactory account he produced.

The country at food solve the problem of the conduct of land reforms, increase the role of farm assistant dehqan and private, in our opinion, the formation of the market of agricultural products, their prices and the general state of the country, requires a theoretical analysis of the effects of food. For this reason, in the analysis of problems in this area of the people's republic of china, the experience from the use of eng it is noteworthy that serious. This 1978 here-there use in agriculture in the year the individual (specific) for the system is carried out on the basis of a return to new specific socio-economic development concept production and di was carried out.

Thus, the essence of transformations in peasant agriculture "production responsibility" the current system edental, or in other words, the family to contract the transition consisting of is. Of labor, production, and eof this form of the tooth, through peasant production results for the responsibility of the family was assigned full responsibility. It was previously the property of the state to the world, which is a plot of land and some one agricultural tools were separated. In the meantime, the collective property of the land as remained, but independently of it, which made the production, however a portion of the product produced agricultural tax as and contract the amount specified in the agreement to the state must submit a separate household that be will fail to keep tod. Farmers (peasants) of the product produced and the remaining part at their own discretion dispose of the eteeth will set.

"The responsibility of production" system, current ebuilt of agricultural products in the us purchase of nearly one and a half times the price increase came. The majority of the peasants agricultural technicalto was given and 1986-they come to the end of the year to 4 million, mainly small-sized tractors have edi. Economic reforms in agriculture farmers (peasants) of the world from their own

labor and products of interest to the results of the world was out. Because of the end of stimulation directly personal labor productivity related has become. The rural economy worked to complete and effective situation and the usual makes has become. As a result, in 1985-the year of gain came on in the country at the gross grain harvest 1980-the year compared to 18 percent, cotton harvest almost a half times by increased. Livestock product, not the brand of the level of k and the industry south of cultivation dramatically increased. China agricultural products import exported from the vendor makes I become.

Strictly from a single centralized system of state purchases of agricultural products in China, the contract system of the state", the purchase price of - state cost of sales" the production of agricultural products through all possible channels of amendments and additions to the consumer price came along with the cycle which serve the caller to pass many system [16].

Planned within the framework of this system took the form of the purchase price of the price of the contract, thus the producers within the framework of the state contract to buy the product and get start today. Farmers (peasants) with their shares of the excess from the contract which is going to exceed the contract price of the products to state agencies agreed at the price began to sell. More and more products for sale at prices dictated by supply and demand entered to the market that came up. Thus, the agricultural products of the main types (grain, consuming fats, cotton) to producers of goods the sales price of at least three types appear to be. The use of this product for consumers, while two years ago price system and the state of the sales price (normal distribution) and entered, and the market price were saved.

This system not only advantages, but also a number of shortcomings, also they started out. Production planning according to the conditions of the market independently farmers (peasants) of the world activities, run off regulation by market mechanism in this system that established the right to some type of sharp fluctuations in the production of agricultural products and the general affairs of the market unstable, as well as the structural gap between supply and demand for the product they were out of. Such adverse condition cotton, grain, vegetables and Chinese population for livestock products, which is important, and especially important food like pork markets side were observed.

Policy similar events in the first period of independence of the country in the economy can be observed also was. After all, the republic in 1980 already three price level (the state purchase price, the market price and the collective state cooperative retail and may be the price entered) agricultural products on the market to create. Come on now, state the order of the share of the growing number and reduce it absolutely disclaimer, within the framework of state and collective ownership in the form of the idea about the necessity to expand the scope of the contractual price are increasingly common. Assistant private farms of the population, they have entered in the market that increasingly the monopoly position in the country market have been significantly affected in the general level of prices.

M. Solntseva as noted, material resourcing many types of control lack microeconomic a weakening of investment that have been a significant gap between supply and demand due to the excessive growth conditions of inflation "two kanalli" price inflation increases the tendency of growth of the price system, planned expressed significantly exceed the price of the market price this is going to be appear at [16].

Strictly specified price is usually necessary social costs and supply and demand balance is less than the assessed. As a result, the basis of all resistance and the lens of supply and demand is continuously growing-growing away from the market price value is collected. The plan, the market price is usually 2-5 times higher than it is. Price breaks a significant difference in the price signals of the market, inflation, "the black market" appears to be the costs of production and increase the economy and maintaining effective in decrease of economic life as will lead to negative events.

The mechanism of transition to the market economy to work through the value of the law (work time) of the overall economic law save for the use of new opportunities opens. The economy is important in the present day the task of the production of different goods and the cost of the market for the formation of the price of the lens is the ideal tool to (a place), that is taking into account the new economic system in its place and role clarification from you.

On the basis of a healthy work society and of the economy in any advanced society to ensure the welfare of all members of thissting of goods for an individual (belongs only to himself) the value of the church (market) value, the lens already found effective means to fall.

Majmu agriculturalidaon the market economy, which constitute the basis to understand the operation of the law of value, in our opinion, its centuries-old history, which has developed foreign countries tajribasiga you need to apply. Their experience , while the followingwill show. Farmers (peasant) farms for the production of income as a source to provide enhanced simple and repeated only the prices at the expense of the 1930s-up to the year occurs [13]. World economic crisis then from agricultural development to ensure the other channels – dotasiyalar, are subsidized, and the application to fail to keep wide range of tax creditswas a start.

Long years in the usaat the price of the means of production, farmers (peasants) that are sold by the gap between the prices of the products is constantly growing. If we 1910-1914-year t indown the price ratio of 100% is beneficially (price is referred to as usdchf), 1960-sharp due to the growth in the price of the means of production in the year, this figure of 80% to, 1970-1972-year and 19in the end of the 80s only 51% is equal to. All of this, of course, price setting require state intervention in the process [13].

At the present time the uswhile in the farmers, produced by repeated production is low and the prices of the products in the market provide an extended guarantee state farmers (peasants) in the form of subsidized prices guaranteed will pay the difference at the level s. In the meantime, their various programs of manufacturers (increase the fertility of the soil, land and water resources protection, scientific-technical progress, the introduction of eteeth, the creation of rural infrastructure, and others) involved in the implementation of edentalproductsI needediy necessity. Sometimes when you decrease the amount of payment increases the level of prices. 1983-1984-yearsneither 1986-1987-year usual and decreased two times the price of feed grain, gross yield increased almost two times. Itshbu of products for farmers in the budgetallocated from the subsidized 1.1 billion from \$ 7.3 billion per d6,6 various times to buy or increased [13].

Farmers support of agriculture's such programs of agricultural raw materials cultivationinto account the specific characteristics of very effective it gets. Including:

weather conditions and market fluctuations are unstable due to the production of agricultural raw materials relative form it comes in, this is itleads to increase the price of g;

basic organic structure of capital growth at the expense of, the rising price of raw materials;

please agricultural turnoverin a location and on the quality of the bad landsto be included and others.

The above listed data developed agricultural countries majmuiga being separated large amount subsidized reason to add to clarify. Only of the last century, the 30th of yearsitextended until a farmer approached the level of production needed to produce it, the price of the price level. This is to pay a fee to their work, material compensation for the costs of production and includes the average profit.

Agricultural productioning further growth in new technological process (agricultural techniques, new varieties and boshqa scientific advances) to attract new capital requirementsin adi. Of this product, the production cost increase accordingly inadi. Also, in our opinion, such a priceat not only the process of agricultural production directly ishtispecific rokchilarining will work, but the added value (benefits) of deductions for social needs of the state apparatus of modern society to cover the costs of storage and other collectadiof gan has cost a large amount.

In such circumstances, in our opinion, the product of the price of production of its true costs about approaching it's even-so-o'z additionally, you can emas. And how, in these conditions, the average of the costs of production land, or worse, may be considered if its composition (more precisely, the costs of production) working power of the farmers of not only price, but also civil servants "of the labor I" of the culture, employees, taxes paid by them, or that they consume in the form of the means of production costs is the responsibility of gan are also farmers.

It's not agricultural labor production capacity grows, of course, v isa state subsidized the purpose of g, we have specified the farmers to the product produced by the production cost is the cost of ineffective cleaning you want to download from the society on his shoulder. Consequently, their goal is to determine the value of agricultural products emas, but the value of labor, agricultural workers in particular mis to determine the value of ehnat. This exchange between the different sectors of society equivalent stained a single measure. This ehtimol, different countries and different levels of price support to farmers in the agricultural sector understand the only way.

Therefore, in our opinion, in modern conditions, the agricultural production processto other areas of production on the increased amount of labor moddiylashtirilgan has to cover the lens if necessary and a part of it for farming in the conditions of gan, the real value of agricultural products end of the retail price or the final price can be defined with direct state emas. So the level of the real value of agricultural products confusing it with various different settlements or production costs in different production conditions based on mathematical methods to identify with any attempts from the truth, very far.

Considering this, the life of any society which is the basis of agricultural products to the price of the character of the system, the pros radical reform should. In our opinion, the state should provide agricultural products for all types of single sign price disclaimer. The purchase price of agricultural enterprises to the market conditions each region taking into account of features defined depending to the work of the law of supply and demand should be implemented. At the same time, in determining their actual value as a source of basic information on the purchase price of the market price to take into account the prevailing collective is important. In other words, the market price and the purchase price set in proportion to its lowest level determine the costs covered and only after that despite the fact the rest of the state by the winners to be awarded should be covered with subsidized.

In our opinion, the price of such a sign, of all prices of agricultural products the pros practice with equivalent grain and the price of bread stable iga tab e can be used to regulate the level of all of them to be him. Other agricultural products of the purchase price of the market price from the low level to a certain extent in the formation of collective can be, this ensures that decrease the effects of monopoly and that would decrease their overall. M producedahsu profitability of farmers who sell at prices ensure a full state compensation ko'zo'da the sting should be kept.

Of course, these suggestions are also some debate of the state of all of the emas. However, the general case of the present conditions of agriculture in the economy further have to face the crisis situation also may og'irlashib. And its sustain development to solve the problem for setting the price regulation by the state policy of using closely tied to the interests of all sectors of this area I need. This in turn all of the governance systems for the effective performance wound conditions and on this basis the market tadi healthy relationships ebrowsing, the population's food products are constantly growing, the demand comes from the possibility of the occurrence of fuller for longer satisfy.

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