

## ISSUES OF FINANCING SCIENTIFIC WORKS ON THE PRODUCTION OF CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS

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**Annotation:** In this article, it is very important for enterprises of any form of ownership to take into account the financial results that reflect the dynamics of costs and income over a certain period of time, to correctly analyze the production strategy, the efficiency of the use of production resources, and the development of trade markets. highlighted the problems in the full assessment of the current state and development prospects.

**Keywords:** Classical economic school, economic efficiency, craft production, relative indicator.

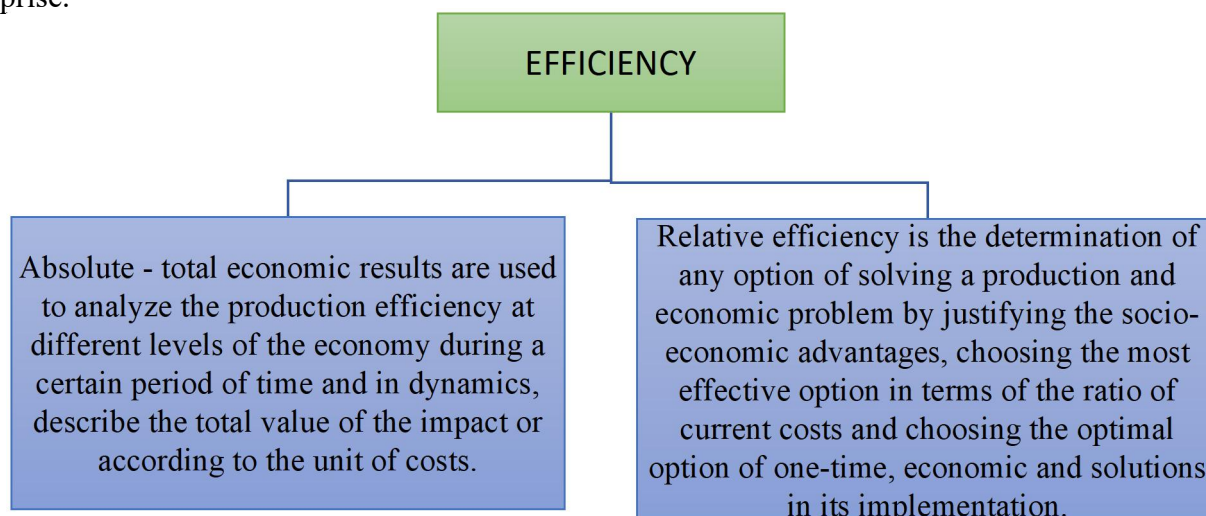
**Enter.** Modern high-tech enterprises of large and small business, as well as the market system of their management, have been formed in Uzbekistan. Considering that construction materials make up 55-60 percent of the cost of construction works, and that modern architecture requires new, high-quality, cheap, light and earthquake-resistant, innovative products, it is not difficult to feel and understand the development and importance of the construction materials industry. In particular, the large-scale construction and construction work currently being carried out in our country requires the rapid development of the building materials industry. In particular, in recent years, the construction materials industry in Uzbekistan has been transformed from the state of backward and small-scale handicraft production to a modern and automated heavy industry.

**Literature analysis.** A representative of the classical economic school, the English economist D. Ricardo in "Political Economy and the Beginning of Taxation" (1817) defined economic efficiency as follows: "Economic efficiency is defined as the ratio of the result to a certain type of cost, otherwise the result to the costs is determined by exceeding".

S.Fisher, R.Dornbush, R.Shmalenzilar connected production efficiency with the line of possibilities in the interpretation of efficiency. They conclude that production resources are being used inefficiently if production options are at the limit of these possibilities.

**Analysis and results:** Absolute and relative indicators are used to assess economic efficiency.

It is possible to evaluate the increase in efficiency using an absolute indicator. During the specified period, absolute indicators reflect the development of the enterprise in its financial results. During the period of market economy, profit is the basis of the economic development of the enterprise.



**Figure 1. Indicators of economic efficiency**

There are several indicators of profit: profit from sales of goods and services, profit from operating activities, profit before tax and net profit. Such factors affect the profit margin, the price of

goods and services, the cost of a product unit, the volume and assortment of sold goods and services. In the assessment of economic efficiency, relative indicators are used as well as absolute indicators. The relative indicator evaluates the effectiveness and impact of various factors.

**Summary.** By introducing innovation and science into the industry, efficiency can be achieved in all aspects. In particular, as a result of the application of scientific and technical developments to economic sectors, it is possible to produce new types of energy-saving, modern, world-standard products. Therefore, special attention is paid to this direction in the association "Uzsanoatkurilishmateriallari".

In particular, in cooperation with the Ministry of Innovative Development of the Republic of Uzbekistan, a number of scientific-research works are being carried out to develop scientific research in the field of construction materials production and increase their effectiveness. In 2019, the total cost is 7.6 billion. the competition of innovative projects in 10 directions was announced.

It is worth noting that in 2019, a total of 29 projects on the introduction of innovative technologies and the production of new types of high-added-value construction materials were presented to the Scientific and Technical Council of the Building Materials Industry under the "Uzsanoatkurilishmateriallari" association.

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