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LEGAL EDUCATION, ITS CONTENT AND ESSENCE

Abstract: In this article, the content and essence of legal education, as well as its historical roots, are highlighted. Also, issues such as the steps of legal education being developed in our country, measures to improve legal education, etc.

Key words: Legal education, legal consciousness, legal culture, constitution, society, group, person, legal state, politics, law, person, society, democracy, behavior, legal literacy, democratic state, family, person, education.

Introduction. In order to establish a legal state in Uzbekistan, attention is paid to raising legal culture and legal consciousness, along with these issues, improving legal education is one of the most urgent issues. Because legal education is one of the important tools in the formation and change of legal consciousness and legal culture.

Legal education includes cases such as the dissemination of legal knowledge, the importance of behavior, their correct acceptance and application. Today, ensuring the legal consciousness and legal culture of citizens in the society, a number of tasks that are carried out in the process of their improvement, the results that need to be achieved, imply the effective organization and development of the process of legal education.

In order to improve legal education in Uzbekistan, the laws adopted by the Oliy Majlis of the Republic's legislative body and signed by the head of state serve to legally regulate relations in all spheres of our society.

For example, in 1997, the decree "On improving legal education, raising the level of legal culture of the population, improving the system of training legal personnel, and improving the work of public opinion research" was adopted. In this decree: The main directions of the state policy were defined as the activities carried out to improve the legal culture and legal education of the population. The adoption of many such laws, not only their practical implementation, creates the ground for the formation of legal education and legal culture. Only the adoption of laws is not enough in the formation of legal education.

Media, radio, TV, organization of legal literacy evenings and various related events, as well as organization of roundtable discussions on legal literacy, are of great importance in the formation of legal education. All this serves to increase the legal awareness and legal activity of young people, to improve their legal education, and also to educate them to become well-rounded people in all respects.

Solving the current problems facing our country requires the development of legal culture, legal consciousness and legal education of our people. So, legal consciousness, legal culture and legal education are closely related concepts.

If legal education is not formed in the minds of young people, the formation of legal consciousness and legal culture will be somewhat difficult. If legal consciousness is considered a

necessary element for legal culture, then legal education is a necessary element for both of them. The lack of legal literacy in the minds of young people is a sign of the lack of legal education.

Legal literacy is the ability to understand legal texts, analyze them from a legal point of view, draw general conclusions from them, and most importantly, be able to apply them in practice. Low or insufficient legal literacy among young people is first of all harmful for themselves, society, and the state. What are the consequences of insufficient legal literacy for young people?

First of all, young people are not aware of their rights, secondly, they are unaware of their obligations, and thirdly, they are not aware of the legal consequences of their actions, as well as what is possible and what is not possible in their actions, etc. This will have negative consequences. It is this legal education that causes many crimes among young people due to the lack of legal literacy.

For example, if a young man who has turned 17 drinks alcohol or smokes a cigarette in public, a member of the National Guard wants to punish him directly, and the young man does not know the reason for this. Of course, he does not know that what he is doing is a violation. Maybe he wouldn't have done such a thing if he knew it was a crime. This lack of knowledge is the reason why our young people commit many similar crimes. As we live in the process of globalization and set ourselves the goal of building a legal democratic state, of course, young people with high legal literacy and legal education play a big role in this.

Enlightenment thinker Abdulla Avloni did not point out for nothing that "Education is a matter of life - or death, or salvation - or destruction, or happiness - or disaster for us." Because such categories as "legal consciousness, legal education, and legal culture" are inextricably linked and complement each other and are located in this logical consistency and sequence, they indicate the state of the legal system of the society. Legal education is a collection of legal consciousness, knowledge and law-abiding qualities that aim at a specific goal and can influence a person in turn. Before explaining the category of legal education, we need to have a broad understanding of the concept of education.

The word "Tarbiya" is derived from the Arabic verb "robba" and means to grow, to increase, to follow, to lead and to reform. In short, education is a practical pedagogical process aimed at forming mental, moral and spiritual qualities in a person. Muslim scholars defined "education" in several ways. For example, Imam Bayzavi describes it as follows: "Education is to bring something to perfection little by little."

Rogib Asfikhani defines education as follows: "Education is to transfer something from one state to another and bring it to the point of completeness." Indeed, there are many meanings of education and definitions given to it by our scientists. Another scientist said, "Education forms needs of social importance. It is necessary not only to acquire knowledge about the norms of behavior, to follow them in order to encourage and avoid punishment, but also to turn them into internal norms of behavior and to ensure that they are consciously followed. Legal education is also a concept directly related to the category of education. Until now, the issues of legal education have not been fully explained by our scientists. However, in some literature, the category of "legal education" has been interpreted differently and comments have been given by our scientists.

For example, Kh.T. Odilqariyev defines legal education in his textbook Theory of State and Law as follows: "Legal education is a pedagogy that is shown to the legal consciousness of individuals and social groups, directed to a specific goal, planned and carried out by means of special legal education methods. is a process of influence" In textbooks on the theory of state and law, a broad definition of

legal education can be found, that is, "legal education is aimed at influencing the mind and spirit of citizens, using the forms, means and methods of legal education, deeply in the minds of citizens and is the process of formation of stable legal knowledge, beliefs, needs, values, law-abiding character, habits".

According to V. Stukaning's definition, "Legal education is a purposeful systematic qualification aimed at forming the characteristics and qualities of a person, forming legal consciousness and serving as an internal necessity for legal behavior of a person in various spheres of life, regulated by legal norms. is an activity". So, legal education is a process that embodies several social characteristics of a person.

Sh.A. Saidullayev defines legal education as follows: "Legal education is the process of inculcating the knowledge of law into the behavior and consciousness of the members of society by constantly influencing them in accordance with the purpose." this is a creative process that realizes the spiritual qualities of a person in society.

Therefore, in order to build a legal democratic state, we must first inculcate the concept of legal education in the minds of young people, who are the main part of our society. After all, legal consciousness and legal culture are formed under the influence of legal education.

As President Sh.Mirziyoyev noted, "No matter how perfect laws we create, no matter how many reforms we make, it is difficult to achieve the expected results if citizens' legal knowledge, consciousness and culture are not sufficient." For this, as mentioned above, starting to teach legal knowledge to every citizen of our society from a young age is one of the important tools for creating a legal democratic state. It should be started from pre-school educational institutions.

For example, "Do you know the Constitution?" in the course of conducting small activities such as Otherwise, as a result of the organization of small events called "Do you know your rights", they will at least understand what rights are, even if they are little. In these events, children are awarded with nominations such as "young lawyer", "legal scholar", and it will be a great light on top of the light. Their interest in law will increase.

Therefore, it is no exaggeration to say that the organization of such small events held in kindergartens serves as a foundation for children to acquire legal knowledge, as well as to raise their legal consciousness and legal culture.

In addition, Sh.A. Saidullayev lists the following in the textbook "Theory of State and Law" as means of developing legal education:

First, legal education;

Second, legal promotion and propaganda;

Third, Legal practice;

Fourth, self-education.

Summary. Therefore, legal education is in the first place as a means of developing legal education. A person who has a legal education should be able to apply it not only to his own life, but also to the life of society. Knowing how to do it is also important. Knowledge is strengthened and experience increases when applied in practice. As a result of practical application of acquired legal knowledge, legal education and legal culture are formed.

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