

LINGUISTIC FEATURES OF THE BUKHARA DIALECT

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Annotation: This article discusses the specific features of the Bukhara dialect. It should be noted that in order to have a complete picture of the Bukhara dialect, it is necessary to delve deeper into each of its features and take into account the broader context in which it exists. The linguistic features of the Bukhara dialect are directly reflected in the territory where these dialects are used, as well as the influence of other languages. The vocabulary level of the language covers all the words existing in the language, in particular, argot, jargon, dialect, etc. It is stated that the existing dialects in our language constitute the main part of the vocabulary base of the language, the scope of its application is valid in a certain territory, and their classification has been carried out by many scientists. The Bukhara dialect belongs to the Oguz dialect of this group, and is usually called Bukhara Tajik among the people. The Bukhara dialect is an excellent example of interlanguage contact and evolution. Speaking about the Bukhara dialect, it should be noted that the main content of our article is devoted to considerations of its linguistic features. The specific features of this dialect may vary depending on the language layer. In particular, a separate explanation is given to its phonological qualities.

In the Bukhara dialect, new words can be created by combining words. This is a widespread process in cases of language contact, and is clearly visible in the Bukhara Tajik language, where new words can usually be observed to be formed from the combination of elements from Persian, Turkish and Arabic. These morphological features, considered on the basis of verb inflections, are presented in the form of a table. The Bukhara dialect has played a major role in the development of Tajik literature, with many poets and writers using the dialect to express their cultural identity and artistic vision. Bukhara literature reflects the ongoing evolution of the language and its interactions with other languages in the region. It provides valuable information about the linguistic history of the Bukhara region and the dynamic nature of language change. Studying the Bukhara dialect helps to understand the rich linguistic and cultural heritage of the Bukhara region and its population. It also provides valuable insights into the interaction and development of these languages in contact situations.

The Bukhara dialect is a fascinating and complex language system that reflects the historical and cultural connections of the region. Its unique blend of Persian, Turkish, and Arabic influences makes it a fascinating example of language contact and evolution. The preservation and study of this dialect is necessary for understanding the linguistic heritage of Central Asia and the dynamic nature of language change.

Key words: dialect, linguistic analysis, context, linguistic feature, influence of other languages, classification, dictionary.

BUXORO SHEVASINING LINGVISTIK XUSUSIYATLARI

Annotatsiya: Ushbu maqolada Buxoro shevasining o'ziga xos xususiyatlari to'g'risida fikr yuritiladi. Ta'kidlash lozimki, Buxoro shevasi haqida to'liq tasavvurga ega bo'lish uchun uning har bir xususiyatiga chuqurroq kirib borish va u mavjud bo'lgan kengroq kontekstni hisobga olish kerak. Buxoro shevasining lingvistik xususiyatlari bevosita ushbu dialektlar qo'llangan hudud, o'zga tillar

ta'sirida namoyon bo'ladi. Tilning lug'at sathi tildagi mavjud barcha so'zlarni qamrab oladi, xususan, argo, jargonlar, sheva kabilar shular jumlasidandir. Tilimizdagi mavjud dialektlar til lug'at bazasining asosiy qismini tashkil etib, uning qo'llanish doirasi ma'lum hududda amal qiladi hamda ularning klassifikatsiyasi ko'plab olimlar tomonidan amalga oshirilganligi bayon etilgan. Buxoro lahjasi ushbu guruhning o'g'uz lahjasiga mansub bo'lib, ular, odatda, xalq orasida buxoro tojiki deya yuritiladi. Buxoro shevasi tillararo aloqa va evolyutsiyaning ajoyib namunasidir. Buxoro shevasi xususida so'z yuritar ekanmiz, uning lingvistik xususiyatlariga oid mulohazalar maqolamizning asosiy mazmunidan o'rin olganligini ta'kidlab o'tishimiz lozim. Ushbu shevaning tilga xos xususiyatlari til qatlamiga ko'ra turlicha bo'lishi mumkin. Jumladan, uning fonologik sifatlariga ham alohida izoh berilgan.

Buxoro shevasida so'zlarni birlashtirib, yangi so'zlarni yaratish mumkin. Bu til bilan aloqa qilish holatlarida keng tarqalgan jarayon bo'lib, buxoro tojik tilida yaqqol ko'rinadi, unda yangi so'zlar, odatda, fors, turk va arab tillaridagi elementlarning birikishidan hosil bo'lishini kuzatish mumkin. Ushbu morfologik xususiyatlarni fe'l tuslanishlari asosida ko'rib chiqilgani jadval ko'rinishida ifodalangan. Buxoro shevasi tojik adabiyotining rivojlanishida katta rol o'ynadi, ko'plab shoir va yozuvchilar o'zlarining madaniy o'ziga xosligi va badiiy qarashlarini ifodalash uchun shevadan foydalanganlar. Buxoro adabiyoti tilning davom etayotgan evolyutsiyasi va uning mintaqadagi boshqa tillar bilan o'zaro aloqalarini o'zida aks ettiradi. Unda Buxoro viloyatining tilshunoslik tarixi va til o'zgarishlarining dinamik tabiati haqida qimmatli ma'lumotlar berilgan. Buxoro shevasini tadqiq etish Buxoro viloyati va uning aholisining boy til va madaniy merosini tushunishga yordam beradi. Bundan tashqari, bu tillarning kontakt vaziyatlarda o'zaro ta'siri va rivojlanishi haqida qimmatli tushunchalar beradi.

Buxoro shevasi viloyatining tarixiy-madaniy aloqalarini o'zida aks ettiruvchi maftunkor va murakkab til tizimidir. Uning fors, turk va arab tillari ta'sirining o'ziga xos uyg'unligi uni til aloqasi va evolyutsiyasining jozibali misoliga aylantiradi. Bu shevani saqlash va o'rganish Markaziy Osiyoning til merosini va til o'zgarishining dinamik xarakterini tushunish uchun zarurdir.

Kalit so'zlar: sheva, lingvistik tahlil, kontekst, lingvistik xususiyat, o'zga tillar ta'siri, klassifikatsiya, lug'at.

Tadqiqot maqsadi

Buxoro viloyati shevasida yangi so'zlar fors, turk va arab tillaridagi ma'lum elementlarning birikishidan hosil bo'lishganligi, ularning yasaliishi va morfologik tarkibi kabi xususiyatlarini tadqiq etishdan iborat.

Tadqiqot metodi

Tadqiqot mavzusini yoritishda tasniflash, tavsiflash, semantik, qiyoslash, komponent tahlil metodlaridan foydalanilgan.

Research objective To study the formation of new words in the dialect of the Bukhara region from the combination of certain elements from Persian, Turkish and Arabic languages, their formation and morphological structure.

Research method

To illuminate the research topic, the methods of classification, description, semantic, comparison, and component analysis were used.

Literature

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